

Today's Pattern (今日のパターン)

Adverbial Clauses (Clauses of Place) (場所を表す副詞節)

Today's Sentence (今日の例文)

He said he was happy where he was.

(彼は今の自分に満足だと言いました。)【自分のいるところ
=今の自分の状態】



Objectives of this material (このテキストの目的)

1. Broaden word expressions, not only to understand but also to construct them.
(基本文型を理解するだけでなく、使いこなせるようになる)
2. Gain confidence in speaking by completing simple practice conversations.
(簡単な会話練習から始めて、英会話の自信をつける)
3. Feel your progress and enjoy English!
(自分の上達を実感し、英語を楽しむ)

Previous Lessons Review (これまでのレッスンの復習) (5-10 mins)

Directions: Practice the sentence pattern of your previous lessons. (これまで勉強したパターンを復習しましょう)

0-1. Adjuncts-Disjuncts-Conjuncts

Tutor: What's wrong with your foot?

Student: _____, I sprained my ankle while playing with my daughter.

0-2. Adverb of Condition

Tutor: Do you like watching movies?

Student: _____ I am alone or _____, I like watching movies.

0-3. Clauses of Time

Tutor: I'm going to watch a concert tomorrow. Would you like to go with me?

Student: I'm not sure if I can. I'll let you know _____.

0-4. Clauses of Reason

Tutor: Are you conscious about the food that you eat?

Student: Yes, I am really particular about that because _____.

0-5. Clauses of Purpose

Tutor: You're here early. I thought you have to work late tonight.

Student: I finished everything as soon as I can _____ meet the deadline.

Grammar Review (文法の復習) (5-8 mins)

An **adverbial clause** is a dependent clause that describes an independent clause. It contains subject and a full verb.

Clauses of place answers the question *WHERE?* Usual conjunctions used for this kind of clauses are *where* and *wherever*. *In which* can also be used.

Examples:

- | |
|---|
| <p>1. I have to put this flash drive <i>where</i> I can find it again.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In this sentence, the clause, '<u>where I can find it again</u>' indicates the place where the flash drive is put. |
| <p>2. They can stay <i>where</i> they want.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In this sentence, the clause '<u>where they want</u>' indicates the place where they can stay. |
| <p>3. He led the horse <i>wherever</i> he wanted to go.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In this sentence, the clause, '<u>wherever he wanted to go</u>' indicates the place where he led the horse. |

副詞節は主語と動詞を含む従属節で、独立節を修飾します。

場所を表す副詞節は、「どこ」という疑問に答えるものです。場所を表す副詞節を導く接続詞はおもに *where*、*wherever* です。ほか、*in which* も多く用いられます。

Examples: (例文)

- | |
|---|
| <p>1. I have to put this flash drive <i>where</i> I can find it again.
(また見つけられるところにフラッシュドライブを置かないといけません。)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> この文では、副詞節 <i>where I can find it again</i> (また見つけられるところ) が、フラッシュドライブを置く場所を修飾しています。 |
| <p>2. They can stay <i>where</i> they want.
(彼らは好きなところに泊ることができます。)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> この文では、副詞節 <i>where they want</i> (彼らが好きなところ) が、彼らが泊れる場所を修飾しています。 |

3. He led the horse *wherever* he wanted to go.

(彼はその馬をどこへでも行きたいところへ連れて行きました。)

- この文では、副詞節 *wherever he wanted to go* (どこへでも行きたいところ) は、彼が馬を連れて行った場所を修飾しています。

場所を表す副詞節

接続詞によって導かれる節が副詞のような働きをするものを副詞節といいます。このレッスンでは、「～するところに」などの場所を表す副詞節（または副詞句）の基本的な用法を勉強します。場所を表す副詞節を導く接続詞には *where*、*wherever* などがあります。

例文: I have to put it *where* I can find it again.

(私はそれを再度見つけれるところに置かなければなりません。)

He led the caravan *wherever* he wanted to go.

(彼はそのトレーラーハウスを行きたいところならどこへでも引いていきました。)

Exercise 1 (エクササイズ 1) (3-6 mins)

Directions: Repeat after your tutor. (講師に続けて言ってください)

Example (例文) : *He said he was happy where he was.*
(彼は今の自分に満足だと言いました。)

- 1-1. The children | go where the mother goes.
(母親が行くところに行きます。)
- don't know where their parents have been.
(両親が行っていたところを知りません。)
- enjoy wherever there is a place to play.
(遊ぶ場所があればどこでも楽しめます。)
- like to sleep where it is quiet.
(静かなところで寝るのが好きです。)
- 1-2. Wherever he goes, | he makes a lot of friends.
he can't help buying himself clothes.
he brings his mobile phone.
there are so many fans following him.

Exercise 2 (エクササイズ 2) (3-6 mins)

Directions: Complete the exercise below to make a sentence. (下の文章を完成させてください)

Example (例文) : *He said he was happy where he was.*
(彼は今の自分に満足だと言いました。)

- 2-1. _____ there is a will, there is a way.
(意志ある_____に道あり。)【格言】
- 2-2. Grapes won't grow _____ there is heavy rainfall.
(ブドウは雨の多い_____では育ちません。)
- 2-3. _____ she goes, she leaves a note behind.
(彼女は行く_____でメモを残します。)
- 2-4. Atlantic City is _____ the Boardwalk is located.
(アトランティックシティはボードウォークがある_____です。)
- 2-5. I will never forget _____ I spent my childhood.
(私は幼少時代を過ごした_____を決して忘れません。)

Exercise 3 (エクササイズ 3) (2-4 mins)

Directions: Match the words below to make a correct sentence or phrase. There may be multiple combinations. Choose the best answer. (左と右の言葉を組み合わせて文を完成させてください。対応する組み合わせはひとつとは限りませんが、その中で最も適切な答えを選びなさい。)

3-1. The labor union protested,	there is clean and fresh air.
3-2. Where there are trees,	where the workers are on a strike.
3-3. She forgot	wherever he goes.
3-4. The president gave a speech	where she kept the documents.
3-5. The police will follow the criminal	where the summit took place.

3-6. That is the store	wherever you like.
3-7. You can sit	the reception is bad.
3-8. My dog sleeps	wherever I sleep.
3-9. Wherever we put the TV,	please don't forget me.
3-10. Wherever you go,	where I bought my cap.

reception: 受信状態

Exercise 4 (エクササイズ 4) (3-6 mins)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話を練習しましょう)

Tutor: This is a beautiful town.

Student: Thank you! This is the place <where / wherever> I spent my childhood.

Tutor: People seem friendly.

Student: Indeed. <Where/Wherever> I go, I always remember the friendly people from this town.

Tutor: Where's the best place to stay in?

Student: I recommend you stay at Sebastian's Inn. The place is in front of a lake <where / wherever> you can go swimming.

Tutor: Awesome! How do we get there?

Student: It's easy. Go past the store <where / wherever> they sell organic products. After 2 kilometers, you'll find Sebastian's Inn.

Tutor: Speaking of stores, where can I buy some clothes? I think I didn't bring enough for this trip.

Student: I know a store <in which / where> you can buy some nice and affordable clothes. It's a little far though.

Exercise 5 (エクササイズ 5) (3-6 mins)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話を練習しましょう)

- Tutor:** What can you say about the life of a famous person?
(有名人の生活ってどう思う?)
- Student:** In my view, being famous is difficult. Wherever that person goes,
_____.
(私は、有名人って大変だと思うな。行くところどこでも_____。)
- Tutor:** Do you want to be famous?
(有名になりたいと思う?)
- Student:** I want to be famous in my own field. I want to work wherever my job
takes me and lets me use my _____.
(自分のいる分野で有名になりたいな。仕事があって自分の_____を活か
せるところならどこでも働きたい。)
- Tutor:** That sounds great.
(すごいね。)
- Student:** Challenges come in different forms. Wherever I go, there could be
_____.
(いろいろなチャレンジがあるからね。私が行くところどこでも_____が
あると思う。)
- Tutor:** Can you handle those situations?
(そういうのは我慢できそう?)
- Student:** I don't know if I can. I think I can't handle situations where I have to
sacrifice _____.
(わからないけど、_____を犠牲にしなくちゃいけない状況には耐えら
れないな。)

Exercise 6 (エクササイズ 6) (5-10 mins)

Directions: Practice and enjoy a free talk with your tutor. (講師とフリートークを楽しみながら練習してください)

Guide Questions from the tutor: (講師は次の質問で会話を始めます)

- 6-1. What are the things you consider in choosing a school?
- 6-2. Where do you want to live if you are studying?
- 6-3. Which school is the best for you? Why?
- 6-4. If you could build your own school, what would be the standards?