

Today's Pattern (今日のパターン)

Adverbial Clauses (clauses of conditions)

(条件を表す副詞節)

Today's Sentence (今日の例文)

If we win, we'll go to Kelly's to celebrate.

(もし我々が勝ったらケリーの店に祝杯をあげに行くでしょう。)



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Objectives of this material (このテキストの目的)

1. Broaden word expressions, not only to understand but also to construct them.  
(基本文型を理解するだけでなく、使いこなせるようになる)
2. Gain confidence in speaking by completing simple practice conversations.  
(簡単な会話練習から始めて、英会話の自信をつける)
3. Feel your progress and enjoy English!  
(自分の上達を実感し、英語を楽しむ)

Previous Lessons Review (これまでのレッスンの復習) (5-10 min)

Directions: Practice the sentence pattern of your previous lessons. (これまで勉強したパターンを復習しましょう)

0-1. also / as well / too

**Tutor:** What will you do tomorrow?

**Student:** I will attend my French class and buy some groceries in the supermarket \_\_\_\_\_.

0-2. much / far / any / a lot / a little

**Tutor:** What kind of music do you listen to?

**Student:** I like rhythm and blues \_\_\_\_\_.

0-3. fairly / quite / rather

**Tutor:** Lily looks tired, don't you think?

**Student:** Yes, she looks \_\_\_\_\_ exhausted.

0-4. Intensifiers

**Tutor:** Hey! How long have you been here?

**Student:** Not much. I \_\_\_\_\_ (downtoner) waited for five minutes.

0-5. Adjuncts-Disjuncts-Conjuncts

**Tutor:** What's wrong with your foot?

**Student:** \_\_\_\_\_, I sprained my ankle while playing with my daughter.

Grammar Review (文法の復習) (5-10 min)

An **adverbial clause** contains a subject and a verb and functions as an adverb in a sentence. There are many types of adverbial clauses; however, in this lesson we will focus on **adverbial clause of condition**.

An *adverbial clause* of condition is introduced by the following conjunctions — *if, whether, unless, even if, in case, only if, etc.* When the sentence begins with an *adverb clause*, use a **comma** to separate the two clauses.

Examples:

*If he comes*, we have to cook more rice for lunch.

She would buy a house *if she had enough money*.

*Even if she saves a lot*, she still can't afford the house.

*Whether we win or lose*, we will have a party afterwards.

*Unless she hurries up*, she won't arrive on time.

*In case you need me*, I'll be in the conference room.

We will buy you a bicycle only *if you do well on your exams*.

Question answered:  
Under what conditions?

### 条件を表す副詞節

接続詞によって導かれる節が副詞のような働きをするものを副詞節といいます。このレッスンでは、「もし～なら」などの条件を表す副詞節の基本的な用法を勉強します。

例文: If he comes, we will have some lunch.

(もし彼が来たら、私たちは昼食に行くでしょう。)

Even if she saves a lot, she won't be able to afford that house.

(たとえ大幅に節約しても、彼女はあの家を買うことができないでしょう。)

Whether they have money or not, they won't be able to come.

(彼らがお金を持っていようといまいと、彼らは来られないでしょう。)

Unless she hurries up, we won't arrive in time.

(彼女が急がなければ、私たちは到着が間に合いません。)

In case you need me, I'll be at home.

(万が一あなたが私が必要な場合、私は家にいます。)

We'll give you your bicycle only if you do well on your exams.

(試験で良い点をとった場合に限り、私たちはあなたに自転車をあげましょう。)

副詞節で文章が始まる場合、コンマでふたつの節を区切ります。

## Exercise 1 (エクササイズ 1) (2-4 min)

Directions: Repeat after your tutor. (講師に続けて言ってください)

*Example (例文) :*            *If we win, we'll go to Kelly's to celebrate.*  
 (もし我々が勝ったらケリーの店に祝杯をあげに行くでしょう。)

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1-1.    If you want to                   | try snowboarding, make sure you have everything you'll need.<br>(スノーボードに挑戦する～、必要なものを全て持っているか確かめなさい。)<br>see them today, you should visit their house.<br>(今日彼らに会う～、彼らの家を訪れるべきです。)<br>go that way, you need to be careful with your driving.<br>(その道に行く～、運転に気をつけなければなりません。) |
| 1-2.    Even if he                       | talks to her, she won't listen anymore.<br>writes his grocery list, he always forgets to buy some items.<br>explains it, she has already made up her mind.   |
| 1-3.    Whether                          | we win or lose, we will have a party afterwards.<br>you like it or not, I'm still going to Canada.<br>they have time or not, they won't be able to attend.   |
| 1-4.    Unless you tell me what's wrong, | we won't go.<br>I won't give this back to you.<br>I won't leave.   |

Exercise 2 (エクササイズ 2) (3-6 min)

Directions: Complete the exercise below to make a sentence. (下の文章を完成させてください)

*Example (例文) :*            *If he comes, we have to cook more rice for lunch.*  
(もし彼が来るなら、お昼にもっとごはんを炊かないと。)  
*Even if she saves a lot, she won't be able to afford that house.*  
(たとえ大幅に節約しても、彼女はその家を買うことができないでしょう。)

- 2-1. \_\_\_\_\_ she arrives, please let me know.  
(\_\_\_\_\_彼女が着いた\_\_\_\_、私に知らせてください。)
- 2-2. \_\_\_\_\_ you like it or \_\_\_\_\_, I'm going to see him.  
(あなたが望もうと\_\_\_\_、私は彼に会いに行きます。)
- 2-3. \_\_\_\_\_ you show me the evidence, I still don't believe you.  
(証拠を見せてくれ\_\_\_\_、私はまだあなたを信じられません。)
- 2-4. \_\_\_\_\_ she backs out, we'll attend that party.  
(\_\_\_\_\_彼女が行くのをやめ\_\_\_\_、私たちはパーティーに出席します。)
- 2-5. She won't be coming here \_\_\_\_\_ her father gives her permission.  
(父親の許しが\_\_\_\_、彼女はここへ来ないでしょう。)

back out: (計画を) やめる／怠る

## Exercise 3 (エクササイズ 3) (3-6 min)

Directions: Match the words below to make a correct sentence or phrase. There may be multiple combinations. Choose the best answer. (左と右の言葉を組み合わせて文を完成させてください。対応する組み合わせはひとつとは限りませんが、その中で最も適切な答えを選びなさい。)

3-1. She'll go to the party,	her mom will not buy that toy.
3-2. If John arrives,	I won't cook pasta.
3-3. Even if she cries a lot,	only if you pass the exam.
3-4. I'll give you extra money	let him in.
3-5. Unless you invite her for dinner,	whether he likes it or not.

3-6. I'll be studying	even if it's raining hard.
3-7. The professor won't give you	just give me a call.
3-8. In case you need something,	it's good or bad for him.
3-9. He doesn't care whether	a high grade unless you earn it.
3-10. She likes to go to the beach	upstairs in case he calls.

Exercise 4 (エクササイズ 4) (3-6 min)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話を練習しましょう)

**Tutor:** Do you like to go shopping?

**Student:** Absolutely. <Even if / Unless / If> I don't have enough cash, I still can't avoid shopping.

**Tutor:** Really? What kind of items do you like to buy?

**Student:** <If / Whether or not / Only if> I have extra money with me, I usually buy clothes and pairs of shoes.

**Tutor:** Do you like plain clothes or printed ones?

**Student:** Sometimes I buy plain shirts <whether / only if / unless> my boyfriend/girlfriend likes it or not.

**Tutor:** Whom do you go shopping with?

**Student:** I always go shopping alone <unless / in case / if> my friends want to join me.

**Tutor:** When do you go shopping?

**Student:** <Whether / If / Even if> the weather is good or not, I always go shopping every weekend.



Exercise 5 (エクササイズ 5) (3-6 min)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話を練習しましょう)

**Tutor:** Do you like watching movies?

(映画は好き?)

**Student:** Whether I \_\_\_\_\_, I like watching movies.

(ひとりでもそうじゃなくても、映画を見るのは好きだよ。)

**Tutor:** Whom do you watch movies with?

(誰と見るの?)

**Student:** I watch movies with people I am close to, whether they're

\_\_\_\_\_.

(親しい人と見るね。友達か家族。)

**Tutor:** Do you like romantic movies?

(ロマンス映画は好き?)

**Student:** If \_\_\_\_\_, I'll watch it.

(もし役者がよければ見るかな。)

**Tutor:** What kind of movies do you always watch?

(いつもどんな映画を見るの?)

**Student:** Whether \_\_\_\_\_, I watch it as long as the story is good.

(アクションでもドラマでも、ストーリーがよければ見るよ。)

Exercise 6 (エクササイズ 6) (5-10 min)

Directions: Practice and enjoy a free talk with your tutor. (講師とフリートークを楽しみながら練習しましょう)

Guide Questions from the tutor: (講師は次の質問で会話を始めます)

- 6-1. If you could study abroad, where would you like to study?
- 6-2. If you have to choose between career and family, which would you choose?  
Why?
- 6-3. Would you leave your family for a career outside your country?
- 6-4. If you needed financial help for your education abroad, what would you do?