

Today's Pattern (今日のパターン)

Quantifier 3 - (不定数量形容詞 3)

Today's Sentence (今日の例文)

I hardly had any sleep last night.

(私は昨晚ほとんど眠れませんでした。)



Objectives of this material (このテキストの目的)

1. Broaden word expressions, not only to understand but also to construct them.
(基本文型を理解するだけでなく、使いこなせるようになる)
2. Gain confidence in speaking by completing simple practice conversations.
(簡単な会話練習から始めて、英会話の自信をつける)
3. Feel your progress and enjoy English!
(自分の上達を実感し、英語を楽しむ)

Previous Lessons Review (これまでのレッスンの復習) (5-10 min)

Directions: Practice the sentence pattern of your previous lessons. (これまで勉強したパターンを復習しましょう)

0-1. Either-or / Neither-nor / Whether-or

Tutor: Do you shop only if you're with someone?

Student: _____ I shop alone _____ with someone, I still like shopping.

0-2. Connectors (– so –)

Tutor: Where are you going?

Student: I'm off to the grand concert tonight. So _____, didn't you know?

0-3. Connectors (– too / either / neither / but –)

Tutor: Hurry up! We'll be late for class!

Student: Wait! I think I left our calculators. We need to go back! I know you don't like it, but _____.

0-4. Quantifiers

Tutor: Please teach me how to cook vegetable stew.

Student: Alright. Put _____ butter into a saucepan first.

0-5. Quantifiers

Tutor: Are you busy today?

Student: Yes, I have a lot _____.

Grammar Review (文法の復習) (5-10 min)

1) – *Some* – and – *Any* – in Relation to Quantity

When referring to quantity, – *some* – and – *any* – are used as plural forms for – *a* – or – *an* –.

Example: Is there *a problem*? → Are there *any problems*?
I saw *a man* in the house. → I saw *some men* in the house.

Take note that – *some* – and – *any* – are optional. However, using them in a sentence is generally preferred.

Example: Are there *any problems*? → Are there *problems*?
I saw *some men* in the house. → I saw *men* in the house.

This case is both true for countable as well as uncountable nouns.

Example: I saw *some men* in the house. → I saw *men* in the house.
(countable)
I have *some sugar* over there. → I have *sugar* over there.
(uncountable)

When statements are general, we also do not use – *some* – or – *any* – at all.

Example: *Vegetables* are quite nutritious.

2) Uses of – *Some* – and – *Any* –

There are four basic uses of – *some* – and – *any* –. These are illustrated below:

– <i>some</i> –	– <i>any</i> –
a) Affirmatives: I want <i>some cake</i> .	a) Negatives: I don't want <i>any cake</i> .
b) Questions + 'yes/no': Do you want <i>some cake</i> ?	b) Uncertain questions: <i>Is</i> there any cake?
c) Requests: May I have <i>some cake</i> ?	c) With – <i>hardly</i> – etc.: There's <i>hardly any</i> cake left.
d) (=certain): <i>Some cakes</i> are quite expensive.	d) With – <i>at all</i> –: I haven't eaten <i>any cake</i> at all.

– *Some* – and – *any* – also have special uses.

Example: My son will be on a camp for *some days*. (-several days)
Any kid can eat vegetables and love them too! (-It doesn't matter who)

不定数量形容詞

このレッスンでは、数や量を漠然と表現する不定数量形容詞の用法を引き続き勉強します。

不定数量形容詞 [some / any]

名詞を複数形にすることで、それが複数であることを表現できますが、数量が漠然と複数であることを表す some や any を使用することが好まれます。なお、一般的なことを表現する場合には some や any を使いません。

例文: I saw men in the house. (その家で男性達に会いました。)

I saw some men in the house. (その家で何人かの男性に会いました。)

Vegetables are quite nutritious. (野菜は非常に栄養があります。)

some の用法

例文: I want some cake. [肯定文での some]

(いくらかケーキがほしいです。)

Do you want some cake? [Yes/No で答えられる疑問文での some]

(ケーキはいかがですか?)

May I have some cake? [依頼する疑問文での some]

(ケーキをいただけますか?)

Some cakes are quite expensive. [特定する some]

(あるケーキは非常に高いです。)

My son will be on a camp for some days. [some = several]

(私の娘は数日間家に帰っていません。)

any の用法

例文: I don't want any cake. [否定文での any]

(少しもケーキがほしくありません。)

Are there any cake? [不確定な疑問文での any]

(いくつかケーキがありますか?)

There's hardly any cake left. [hardly + any]

(ケーキがほとんど残っていませんでした。)

I haven't eaten any cake at all. [any + at all]

(全然ケーキを食べていませんでした。)

Any kid can eat vegetables and love them too! [any + 単数名詞]

(子どもは誰でも野菜を食べるし、大好きです。)

Exercise 1 (エクササイズ 1) (2-4 min)

Directions: Repeat after your tutor. (講師に続けて言ってください)

Example (例文) : *Any kid can eat vegetables and love it, too!*
(子どもは誰でも野菜を食べるし、大好きです。)

- | | | |
|------|--------------|---|
| 1-1. | I don't like | listening to any rock songs.
(どんなロックの曲を聴くこと)
pouring any milk on my coffee.
(コーヒーに少しでもミルクを入れること)
school clubs, so I haven't joined any.
(部活動~, なのでどれにも参加しませんでした。)
having hardly any time with my family.
(家族との時間をほとんどもたないこと) |
| 1-2. | Chris | went out to have some fun.
took some language classes before.
forgot her cookies, so the guests hadn't tasted any.
likes to spend some time alone. |

Exercise 2 (エクササイズ 2) (3-6 min)

Directions: Complete the exercise below to make a sentence. (下の文章を完成させてください)

Example (例文) : *Any kid can eat vegetables and love it too!*
(子どもは誰でも野菜を食べるし、大好きです。)

- 2-1. I didn't get any _____ today.
(私は今日少しも____を得ませんでした。)
- 2-2. Sheila is desperately _____ any kind of job.
(シーラはどんな仕事でも一生懸命に____います。)
- 2-3. Jimmy's grandmother wants to make some _____.
(ジミーのおばあさんは____を作りたいと思っています。)
- 2-4. We can't do without any _____.
(私たちは____なしにはやっていけません。)
- 2-5. I haven't had any _____. Can _____ some?
(私は何も____ません。少し____ませんか?)

Exercise 3 (エクササイズ 3) (3-6 min)

Directions: Match the words below to make a correct sentence or phrase. There may be multiple combinations. Choose the best answer. (左と右の言葉を組み合わせて文を完成させてください。対応する組み合わせはひとつとは限りませんが、その中で最も適切な答えを選びなさい。)

Samantha must _____

3-1. leave behind some of her	pandas before the tour ends.
3-2. lose some	of her absences in class.
3-3. make up for some	weight to be healthy.
3-4. see some	with her family.
3-5. spend some time	books before she leaves.

Jeffrey _____

3-6. hasn't gotten any	salt in his dishes.
3-7. doesn't like putting any	mail from his family for years.
3-8. looks like any	pasta; he wants real Italian pasta.
3-9. doesn't want just any	nice young guy in the neighborhood.
3-10. is handsome, but any	girl in school knows he's too cocky.

shed: ~を流す/捨てる cocky: うぬぼれた

Exercise 4 (エクササイズ 4) (3-6 min)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話を練習してみましょう)

Tutor: Welcome to Vogue Apparel! May I help you?

Student: Do you have some shoes?

Tutor: Yes, we do. What kind are you looking for?

Student: <Any / Some / Many> kind will do. Can you show me some of them?

Tutor: Of course. I have a very elegant one here which is just perfect for you!

Student: That's great! No wonder <any / some / few> shopper in town would say this is a great store.

Tutor: Thank you for the compliment. Are you taking that one?

Student: Yes, of course. By the way, can you exchange <any / some / many> of my dollars into yen?

Tutor: Of course. How much do you want to exchange?

Student: Thank you. I only have 100 dollar bills right now. I want to exchange 500 dollars into yen bills. <Any / Some / Few> bill will do.

compliment: 褒め言葉

Exercise 5 (エクササイズ 5) (3-6 min)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話を練習してみましょう)

- Tutor:** Hi! It's great to see you. What do you have there?
(こんにちは！会えてよかった。何を持ってるの?)
- Student:** Oh, just some _____.
(ああ、ただの___よ。)
- Tutor:** Whom are they for?
(あの方たちは何のご用で?)
- Student:** They're for the attendees of the party. The guests are coming any _____.
(パーティーに出席する人たちなの。ゲストは___でも来るのよ。)
- Tutor:** You must be in a hurry then. I'm sorry for disturbing you. I just want to give these souvenirs to you.
(じゃあ急がなきゃ。お引き留めしてごめんなさい。おみやげを渡したかっただけなの。)
- Student:** It's alright. I appreciate any _____ from you.
(お気遣いなく。あなたにもらえるならどんな___でもうれしいわ。)
- Tutor:** Don't mention it.
(どういたしまして。)
- Student:** Come with me! I have some _____.
(一緒に来ない? ___があるのよ。)

Exercise 6 (エクササイズ 6) (5-10 min)

Directions: Practice and enjoy a free talk with your tutor. (講師とフリートークを楽しみながら練習しましょう)

Guide Questions from the tutor: (講師は次の質問で会話を始めます)

- 6-1. Do you know how to cook any kind of pasta? If not, what kind of pasta do you like?
- 6-2. Do you want some meat and cheese in your pasta? How much?
- 6-3. Do you put any unusual seasoning in your pasta?
- 6-4. Would you like to cook any food for your loved ones? What would it be?