

Today's Pattern (今日のパターン)

– whatever / whichever –

(複合関係代名詞 whatever / whichever)

Today's Sentence (今日の例文)

My dog catches whatever I throw.

(私の犬は私が投げるものなら何でもキャッチします。)

I will read whichever manuscript comes first.

(私はどちらでも先にきた原稿を読むでしょう。)



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Objectives of This Material (このテキストの目的)

1. Broaden word expressions, not only to understand but also to construct them.  
(基本文型を理解するだけでなく、使いこなせるようになる)
2. Gain confidence in speaking by completing simple practice conversations.  
(簡単な会話練習から始めて、英会話の自信をつける)
3. Feel your progress and enjoy English!  
(自分の上達を実感し、英語を楽しむ)

**Previous Lessons Review** (これまでのレッスンの復習) (5-10 min)

Directions: Practice the sentence pattern of your previous lessons. (これまで学習したパターンを復習しましょう)

0-1. – whoever / whomever –

**Tutor:** Do you like helping people?

**Student:** Yes, I do. I help \_\_\_\_\_ needs it as much as possible.

0-2. – whose –

**Tutor:** Hey, what's that?

**Student:** I found it in the restroom. Do you know anyone whose \_\_\_\_\_?

0-3. – that –

**Tutor:** What's bothering you?

**Student:** I lost the money that \_\_\_\_\_.

0-4. – which –

**Tutor:** Do you mind if I ask you some questions?

**Student:** As long as you ask me easy questions, which \_\_\_\_\_, then I don't mind at all.

0-5. – what –

**Tutor:** I learned a new word today.

**Student:** Really? I want to know what \_\_\_\_\_.

Grammar Review (文法の復習) (5-10 min)

**Relative pronouns** are used to relate groups of words to nouns or other pronouns in a sentence. (関係代名詞は、文中の名詞または代名詞と文節を結びつけるために用いられます)

– **Whatever** – and – **whichever** – are *relative pronouns* that refer to places, things, or ideas. When more than one place, thing, or idea is being referred to in a sentence, these pronouns are used. (whatever と whichever は、場所や事物について言及する関係代名詞です。文中でふたつ以上の場所や事物について言及する際に用いられます)

We use –*whichever*– when we are choosing from two or more known things. (whichever は、ふたつ以上の事柄から選択する際に用いられます)

*Example:* I will read *whichever* manuscript comes first.  
(例文：私はどちらでも先にきた原稿を読むでしょう。)

**Whatever** is used when we refer to a wide unknown variety of things. (whatever は、不特定のさまざまな事柄について言及する際に用いられます)

*Example:* My dog catches *whatever* I throw.  
(例文：私の犬は私が投げるものなら何でもキャッチします。)

### 複合関係代名詞

ほかの関係代名詞と異なり先行する名詞がなく、関係代名詞と先行すべき名詞とが合体したものを複合関係代名詞と言います。このレッスンでは、複合関係代名詞 *whatever* / *whichever* を学習します。

#### 複合関係代名詞 [*whatever*]

本来先行詞になるべき名詞が [物] で、関係節において「～するものは (を) 何でも」という主格または目的格を表す場合、複合関係代名詞 *whatever* を使って文を連結することができます。このとき [*anything that*] に置き換えることができます。また「何が～しても」([*no matter what*]) という譲歩の意味を表す場合もあります。

例文: My dog catches *whatever I throw*.

(私の犬は私が投げるものなら何でもキャッチします。)

*Whatever happens*, I will do anything for you.

(何が起きても、私はあなたのために何でもするでしょう。)

#### 複合関係代名詞 [*whichever*]

本来先行詞になるべき名詞が [物] で、関係節において「～するものは (を) どれでも (どちらでも)」という主格または目的格を表す場合、複合関係代名詞 *whichever* を使って文を連結することができます。このとき [*any one that*] (または *either that*) に置き換えることができます。また「どれが～しても」([*no matter which*]) という譲歩の意味を表す場合もあります。

例文: I will read *whichever manuscript comes first*.

(私はどちらでも先にきた原稿を読むでしょう。)

Exercise 1 (エクササイズ 1) (2-4 min)

Directions: Repeat after your tutor. (講師に続けて言ってください)

*Example: My dog catches whatever I throw.*

(例文: 私の犬は私が投げるものなら何でもキャッチします。)

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| 1-1. He seems to do | <p>whatever comes to his mind.<br/>(頭に思い浮かんだことは何でも)</p> <p>whatever pleases her.<br/>(彼女を喜ばせることなら何でも)</p> <p>whatever is necessary to protect the environment.<br/>(環境を保護するために必要なことなら何でも)</p> <p>his best in whatever he does.<br/>(やるからには何にでも全力を)</p> |
| 1-2. I suggest you  | <p>use whichever pen I have in stock.</p> <p>buy whichever laptop works well.</p> <p>choose whichever hotel is the cheapest.</p> <p>ride a bus or train, whichever is more comfortable.</p>  |

Exercise 2 (エクササイズ 2) (3-6 min)

Directions: Complete the exercise below to make a sentence. (下の文を完成させてください)

*Example: I will read whichever manuscript comes first.*

(例文: 私はどちらでも先にきた原稿を読むでしょう。)

2-1. I won't believe whatever \_\_\_\_\_.

(私は\_\_\_\_\_するものは何でも信じません。)

2-2. He usually drinks whichever \_\_\_\_\_.

(彼はいつもどれでも\_\_\_\_\_ものを飲みます。)

2-3. Julie would rather refuse \_\_\_\_\_ than look too greedy.

(ジュリーは貪欲すぎるように見えるくらいなら\_\_\_\_\_断る方がいいと思っている。)

2-4. Please pick \_\_\_\_\_ t-shirt you like.

(\_\_\_\_\_お好きな T シャツを選んでください。)

2-5. Sometimes I eat pasta or rice, \_\_\_\_\_.

(ときどき私はパスタとライスを\_\_\_\_\_食べます。)

## Exercise 3 (エクササイズ 3) (3-6 min)

Directions: Match the words below to make a correct sentence or phrase. There may be multiple combinations. Choose the best answer. (左と右の言葉を組み合わせて文を完成させてください。対応する組み合わせはひとつとは限りませんが、その中で最も適切な答えを選びなさい。)

He \_\_\_\_\_

3-1. eats	I ask him to do.
3-2. does whatever	whatever is offered to him.
3-3. accepts her,	whatever gift you give him.
3-4. criticizes whatever	whatever her past was.
3-5. will accept	the government does.

I \_\_\_\_\_

3-6. shop at whichever	to our health whichever way you look at it.
3-7. cook	supermarket is closer to my house.
3-8. will let you choose	in whichever contest I join.
3-9. know smoking is dangerous	whichever hotel you fancy.
3-10. should always do my best	whichever food my son likes.

criticize: 批判する

fancy: 気に入る

Exercise 4 (エクササイズ 4) (3-6 min)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話の練習をしましょう)

**Tutor:** Sonia watches a lot of television.

**Student:** Yeah, she watches whatever <show is on / is showing up / favorite movie>. She is becoming a couch potato.

**Tutor:** Maybe we should invite her to go out.

**Student:** Good idea! We'll let her choose <whatever / whichever / what does> she wants to do as long as it gets her out of the house.

**Tutor:** She loves dancing. Let's go to the bar.

**Student:** Or we can go jogging at the park or window shopping at the mall, <whichever / whatever / what does> she prefers in those activities.

**Tutor:** Great. Call her up!

**Student:** I'll tell her to wear jeans or skirts, whichever clothes <her size / may be / she prefers>.

couch potato: カウチポテト (ソファにもたれてテレビばかり見ている人)



Exercise 5 (エクササイズ 5) (3-6 min)

Directions: Practice having a conversation with your tutor. (講師と会話の練習をしましょう)

- Tutor:** It's your birthday. What gift do you have in mind?  
(あなたのお誕生日ね。どんなプレゼントがいいか考えてる?)
- Student:** Can I ask for \_\_\_\_\_ I want?  
(\_\_\_\_\_ほしいものをお願いしていい?)
- Tutor:** Yeah. Maybe we can shop somewhere.  
(いいわよ。どこかへ買いに行きましょう。)
- Student:** Can we shop at \_\_\_\_\_ mall I choose?  
(私が選んだ\_\_\_\_\_ショッピングモールでいい?)
- Tutor:** Sure. How do you want us to get there?  
(もちろん。どうやって行こうか。)
- Student:** We can take the bus or taxi, \_\_\_\_\_ comes by first.  
(バスかタクシー、\_\_\_\_\_先に来た方で行こうよ。)
- Tutor:** I don't know. It would take us a long time to get there if we're going to use the bus.  
(どうかなあ。バスで行くとすごく時間がかかるよ。)
- Student:** Let's take the train or taxi then, \_\_\_\_\_ is the fastest.  
(じゃあ、電車かタクシー、\_\_\_\_\_一番早いので行こうよ。)

**Exercise 6** (エクササイズ 6) (5-10 min)

Directions: Practice and enjoy a free talk with your tutor. (講師とフリートークを楽しんでください)

Guide Questions from the tutor: (講師は次の質問で会話を始めます)

- 6-1. Do you say whatever comes to your mind?
- 6-2. Do you eat whatever food is served to you?
- 6-3. Do you do whatever things you like?
- 6-4. Do your parents respect your decision in whichever major you like to take?